



# Model Name: T420HVN01.1

Issue Date : 2011/12/15

( )Preliminary Specifications

(\*)Final Specifications

Customer Signature	Date	AUO Date						
Approved By		Approval By PM Director Peter Chiu						
Note		Reviewed By RD Director  Eugene CC Chen  Reviewed By Project Leader  Jimson Jeng	п					
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## **Record of Revision**

Version	Date	Page	Description
0.0	2011/08/24		Pre-Spec First release
0.1	2011/9/2	31	Update Pin assignment
0.2	2011/9/5	31	Update Pin assignment
0.3	2011/9/21	4	Revise display color from 10bit to 8bit
0.4	2011/9/29	17	Revise Pin2~Pin5
0.5	2011/11/28	6	Update Power Supply Input Current
			Update Power Consumption
			Update Inrush Current
		28	Update the packing method
			Update Pallet and Shipment Information
0.6	2011/12/08	24/25	Drawing update
0.7	2011/12/13	16	Update Electrical specification
		22	Update Weight 8900 g
1.0	2011/12/13		Final-Spec First release
1.1	2011/12/15	6	Update Power Consumption(Max 14.4)
		15	T2 Max 50ms
		16	Update Input Current (typ 1.84)(Max 2.02)
			1//>





## 1. General Description

This specification applies to the 42.0 inch Color TFT-LCD Module T420HVN01.1. This LCD module has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1,920x1,080 pixels, and diagonal size of 42.0 inch. This module supports 1,920x1,080 mode. Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

The T420HVN01.1 has been designed to apply the 8-bit 2 channel LVDS interface method. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color depth are very important.

### \* General Information

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	42.00	inch	
Display Area	930.24(H) x 523.26(V)	mm	
Outline Dimension	960.4 (H) x 560.4 (V)	mm	
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Bezel Opening	938.6 (H) x 531.5 (V)	mm	
Display Colors	8 bit	Colors	
Number of Pixels	1,920x1,080	Pixel	
Pixel Pitch	0.4845	mm	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Display Operation Mode	Normally Black		
Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare, 3H		Haze=2%



## 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The followings are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or damage to the unit

Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
Logic/LCD Drive Voltage	$V_{DD}$	-0.3	14	$V_{DC}$	Note 1
Input Voltage of Signal	Vin	-0.3	4	$V_{DC}$	Note 1
BLU Input Voltage	VDDB	-0.3	28	$V_{DC}$	Note 1
BLU on/off Control Voltage	$V_{BLON}$	-0.3	7	$V_{DC}$	Note 1
BLU Brightness Control Voltage	Vdim	-0.3	7	$V_{DC}$	Note 1

Note 1: Duration: 50 msec.



## 3. Electrical Specification

The T420HVN01.1 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input for BLU is to power inverter.

### 3.1 Electrical Characteristics

## 3.1.1: DC Characteristics

	Parameter	Symbol		Value		Unit	Note
	Farameter	Syllibol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Oill	Note
LCD							
Power Su	pply Input Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	10.8	12	13.2	$V_{DC}$	
Power Su	pply Input Current	I <sub>DD</sub>		1	1.2	Α	1
Power Co	nsumption	Pc		12	14.4	Watt	1
Inrush Cu	rrent	I <sub>RUSH</sub>		-	4	Α	2
Permissib	le Ripple of Power Supply Input Voltage	$V_{RP}$			V <sub>DD</sub> * 5%	$mV_{pk-pk}$	3
	Input Differential Voltage	V <sub>ID</sub>	200	400	600	$mV_{DC}$	4
LVDS	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	$V_{TH}$	+100	1	+300	$mV_{DC}$	4
Interface	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	$V_{TL}$	-300	-	-100	$mV_{DC}$	4
	Input Common Mode Voltage	V <sub>ICM</sub>	1.1	1.25	1.4	$V_{DC}$	4
CMOS	Input High Threshold Voltage	V <sub>IH</sub> (High)	2.7		3.3	V <sub>DC</sub>	5
Interface	Input Low Threshold Voltage	V <sub>IL</sub> (Low)	0		0.6	$V_{DC}$	5
Backlight	Power Consumption	P <sub>BL</sub>		45.18		Watt	
Life time (	MTTF)		30000			Hour	8,9



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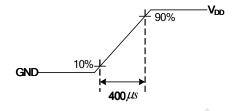
## T420HVN01.1 Product Specification

### 3.1.2: AC Characteristics

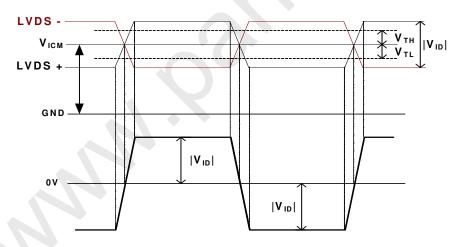
	Parameter			Value	Unit	Note	
	Farameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Offic	Note
	Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum  Modulation range	Fclk_ss	Fclk -3%		Fclk +3%	MHz	5
LVDS	Receiver Clock : Spread Spectrum Modulation frequency	Fss	30		200	KHz	5
Interface	Receiver Data Input Margin Fclk = 85 MHz Fclk = 65 MHz	tRMG	-0.4 -0.5	 	0.4 0.5	ns	7

#### Note:

- 1.  $V_{DD}$  = 12.0V, Fv = 60Hz, Fclk= 74.25MHz , 25  $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$  , Test Pattern : White Pattern
- 2. Measurement condition: Rising time = 400us



- 3. Test Condition:
  - (1) The measure point of  $V_{\text{RP}}$  is in LCM side after connecting the System Board and LCM.
  - (2) Under Max. Input current spec. condition
- 4.  $V_{ICM} = 1.25V$

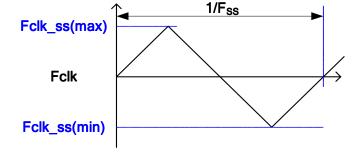


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- 5. The measure points of  $V_{\text{IH}}$  and  $V_{\text{IL}}$  are in LCM side after connecting the System Board and LCM.
- 6. LVDS Receiver Clock SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures

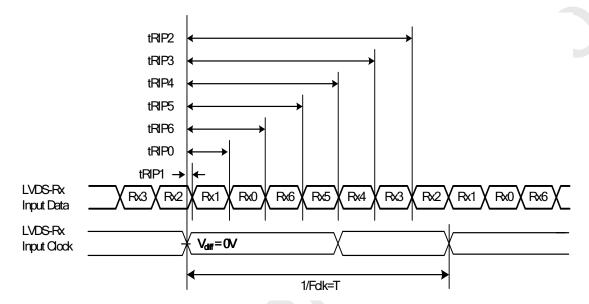




Receiver Data Input Margin

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Parameter	Symbol	Rating		Unit	Note	
Parameter	Syllibol	Min	Туре	Max	Ullit	Note
Input Clock Frequency	Fclk	Fclk (min)	(min) Fclk (max)		MHz	T=1/Fclk
Input Data Position0	tRIP1	- tRMG	0	tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position1	tRIP0	T/7- tRMG	T/7	T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position2	tRIP6	2T/7- tRMG	2T/7	2T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position3	tRIP5	3T/7- tRMG	3T/7	3T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position4	tRIP4	4T/7- tRMG	4T/7	4T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position5	tRIP3	5T/7- tRMG	5T/7	5T/7+ tRMG	ns	
Input Data Position6	tRIP2	6T/7- tRMG	6T/7	6T/7+ tRMG	ns	



- temperatures greater than  $40^\circ$ C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed  $39^\circ$ C. When operate at low temperatures, the brightness of LED will drop and the life time of LED will be reduced.
- 9. The lifetime (MTTF) is defined as the time which luminance of LED is 50% compared to its original value. [Operating condition: Continuous operating at Ta =  $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C]





### 3.2 Interface Connections

• LCD connector: FI-RE51S-HF (JAE, LVDS connector)

Mating connector:

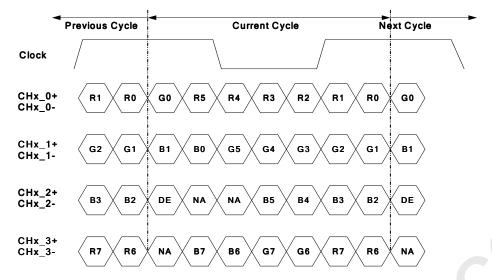
PIN	Symbol	Description	PIN	Symbol	Description
1	N.C.	No connection (Internal Open)	26	GND	Ground
2	N.C.	No connection	27	GND	Ground
3	N.C.	No connection	28	CH2_0-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0-
	N.C.	No connection			
4			29	CH2_0+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 0+
5	N.C.	No connection	30	CH2_1-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1-
6	N.C.	No connection	31	CH2_1+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 1+
7	LVDS_SEL	Open/High(3.3V) for NS, Low(GND) for JEIDA	32	CH2_2-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2-
8	N.C.	No connection (Internal Open)	33	CH2_2+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 2+
9	N.C.	No connection	34	GND	Ground
10	GND	Ground	35	CH2_CLK-	LVDS Channel 2, Clock -
11	GND	Ground	36	CH2_CLK+	LVDS Channel 2, Clock +
12	CH1_0-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0-	37	GND	Ground
13	CH1_0+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 0+	38	CH2_3-	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3-
14	CH1_1-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1-	39	CH2_3+	LVDS Channel 2, Signal 3+
15	CH1_1+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 1+	40	N.C.	No connection
16	CH1_2-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2-	41	N.C.	No connection
17	CH1_2+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 2+	42	GND	Ground
18	GND	Ground	43	GND	Ground
19	CH1_CLK-	LVDS Channel 1, Clock -	44	GND	Ground
20	CH1_CLK+	LVDS Channel 1, Clock +	45	GND	Ground
21	GND	Ground	46	GND	Ground
22	CH1_3-	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3-	47	N.C.	No connection
23	CH1_3+	LVDS Channel 1, Signal 3+	48	$V_{DD}$	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
24	N.C.	No connection	49	$V_{DD}$	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
25	N.C.	No connection	50	$V_{DD}$	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated
			51	$V_{DD}$	Power Supply, +12V DC Regulated

Note: N.C. : please leave this pin unoccupied. It can not be connected by any signal (Low/GND/High).



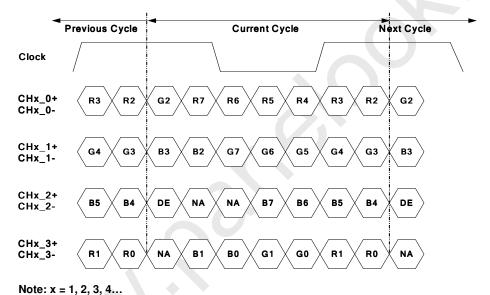


## ■ LVDS Option = High/Open→NS



Note: x = 1, 2, 3, 4...

## ■ LVDS Option = Low→JEIDA



140tc. x = 1, 2, 0, 4...





## 3.3 Signal Timing Specification

This is the signal timing required at the input of the user connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for its proper operation.

### Timing Table (DE only Mode)

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit		
	Period	Tv	1096	1125	1480	Th		
Vertical Section	Active	Tdisp (v)		1080				
	Blanking	Tblk (v)	16	45	400	Th		
	Period	Th	1030	1100	1325	Tclk		
Horizontal Section	Active	Tdisp (h)		960				
	Blanking	Tblk (h)	70	140	365	Tclk		
Clock	Frequency	Fclk=1/Tclk	50	74.25	82	MHz		
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Fv	47	60	63	Hz		
Horizontal Frequency	Frequency	Fh	60	67.5	73	KHz		

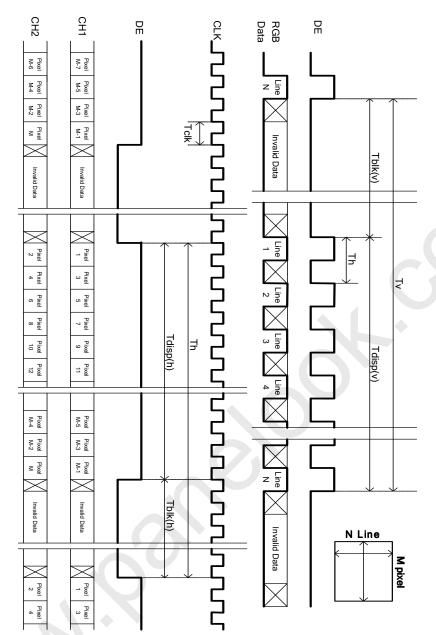
#### Notes:

- (1) Display position is specific by the rise of DE signal only.
  Horizontal display position is specified by the rising edge of 1<sup>st</sup> DCLK after the rise of 1<sup>st</sup> DE, is displayed on the left edge of the screen.
- (2) Vertical display position is specified by the rise of DE after a "Low" level period equivalent to eight times of horizontal period. The 1<sup>st</sup> data corresponding to one horizontal line after the rise of 1<sup>st</sup> DE is displayed at the top line of screen.
- (3)If a period of DE "High" is less than 1920 DCLK or less than 1080 lines, the rest of the screen displays black.
- (4)The display position does not fit to the screen if a period of DE "High" and the effective data period do not synchronize with each other.





## 3.4 Signal Timing Waveforms





### **Color Input Data Reference**

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The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

### COLOR DATA REFERENCE

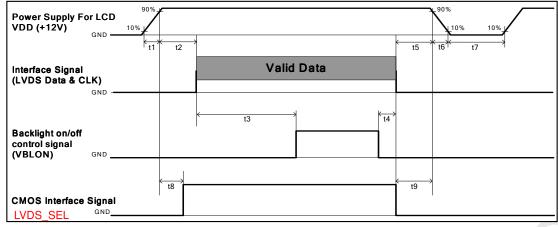
			Input Color Data																						
	Color				RI	ΞD					GREEN					BLUE									
	Color	MS	В					LS	SB	MS	В					LS	SB	MS	В					LS	SB
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	B6	B5	B4	ВЗ	B2	B1	В0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 4
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
R															A										
	RED(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G																						İ			
	GREEN(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
В																		l				İ		<u> </u>	
	BLUE(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1



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# T420HVN01.1 Product Specification

### **Power Sequence for LCD**



Dawa wa atau		11		
Parameter	Min.	Type.	Max.	Unit
t1	0.4		30	ms
t2	0.1		50	ms
t3	450			ms
t4	0*1			ms
t5	0		-	ms
t6			*2	ms
t7	500			ms
t8	10		50	ms
t9	0			ms

#### Note:

(1) t4=0 : concern for residual pattern before BLU turn off.

(2) t6 : voltage of VDD must decay smoothly after power-off. (customer system decide this value)





### 3.7 Backlight Specification (independent driver board)

The backlight unit contains 1pcs light bar.

#### 3.7.1 Electrical specification

	la	Item Symbol		Condition	Spec			Unit	Note
	пет			Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Offic	Note
1	Input Voltage	VD	DB	-	21.4	24	26.4	VDC	-
2	Input Current	I <sub>D</sub>	DB	VDDB=24V		1.84	2.02	ADC	1
3	Input Power	Pc	DDB	VDDB=24V		44.2	48.5	W	1
4	Inrush Current	I <sub>RL</sub>	JSH	VDDB=24V			5	ADC	2
_	On/Off control voltage		ON	\(\(\text{DDD}\) \(\text{0.11}\)	2	-	5.5	VDC	-
5		V <sub>BLON</sub>	OFF	VDDB=24V	0	-	0.8		3
6	On/Off control current	I <sub>BLON</sub>		VDDB=24V	-	-	1.5	mA	7-
_	External PWM Control Voltage	\/ ED\/\^	MAX	VDDB=24V	2	-	3.3	VDO	-)
7		V_EPWM	MIN	VDDB=24V	0	-	0.8	VDC	-
8	External PWM Control Current	I_EF	PWM	VDDB=24V	-	-	2	mADC	-
9	External PWM Duty ratio	D_EI	D_EPWM		5	-	100	%	5
10	External PWM Frequency	F_EPWM		VDDB=24V	140	180	240	Hz	-
11	DET status signal	DET	HI	VDDB=24V	Open Collector		VDC	6	
'		DEI	Lo	V D D D = 24 V	0	-	0.8	VDC	6
12	Input Impedance	Rin		VDDB=24V	300			Kohm	-

Note 1 : Dimming ratio= 100% (MAX) ( Ta=25 $\pm$ 5 $^{\circ}$ C , Turn on for 45minutes )

Note 2: Measurement condition Rising time = 20ms (VDDB: 10%~90%);

Note 3: When BLU off ( VDDB = 24V , VBLON = 0V) , IDDB (max) = 0.02A

Note 4: V\_DIM voltage of 100% duty ratio =3.1V~3.3V means Burst Mode entry point should be located between

3.1V and 3.3V.

Note 5: Less than 5% dimming control is functional well and no backlight shutdown happened

Note 6: Normal: 0~0.8V; Abnormal: Open collector



## 3.7.2 Input Pin Assignment

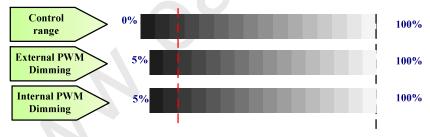
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LED driver board connector: Cvilux CI0114M1HR0-NH

Pin	Symbol	Description
1	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
2	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
3	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
4	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
5	VDDB	Operating Voltage Supply, +24V DC regulated
6	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
7	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
8	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
9	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
10	BLGND	Ground and Current Return
		BLU status detection
		Normal: 0~0.8V; Abnormal: Open collector
11	DET	(Recommend Pull high R > 10K, VDD = 3.3V)
		BLU On-Off Control:
		High/Open(2~3.3V) : BL On
12	VBLON	Low(0~0.8V/GND) : BL Off
13	NC	NC
14	PDIM	External PWM (5~100% Duty, open for 100%)

(Note\*) IF External PWM function less than 5% dimming ratio. Judge condition as below:

- 1.Backlight module must be lighted ON normally.
- 2.All protection function must work normally.
- 3. Uniformity and flicker could NOT be guaranteed

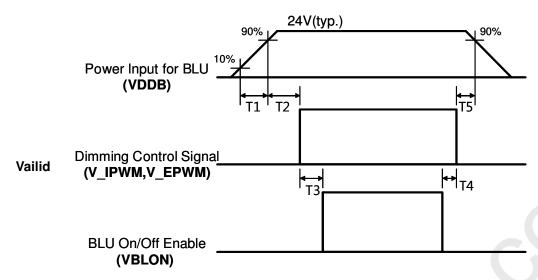


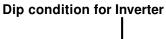
PWM Dimming: include Internal and External PWM Dimming

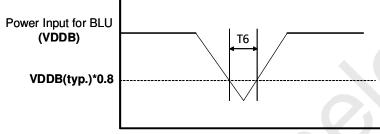


## **Power Sequence for Backlight**

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Parameter		Units		
Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Office
T1	20	-	·	ms
T2	500		-	ms
Т3	250	-	-	ms
T4	0	-	1	ms
T5	1	-	-	ms
T6		-	10	ms

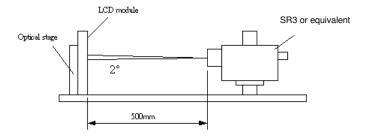




## 4. Optical Specification

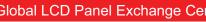
Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 45 minutes in a dark environment at 25 °C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of  $\phi$  and  $\theta$  equal to 0°.

 $\textbf{Fig.1} \ presents \ additional \ information \ concerning \ the \ measurement \ equipment \ and \ method.$ 



Б	Complete		Values		11.2	
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit	Notes
Contrast Ratio	CR	2400	3000			1
Surface Luminance (White)	L <sub>WH</sub>	280	350		cd/m <sup>2</sup>	2
Luminance Variation	δ <sub>WHITE(9P)</sub>			1.33		3
Response Time (G to G)	Тγ		6.5		ms	4
Color Gamut	NTSC		72		%	
Color Coordinates						
Red	R <sub>X</sub>		0.630			
	R <sub>Y</sub>		0.330			
Green	G <sub>X</sub>		0.320			
	G <sub>Y</sub>	T 0.00	0.620	T 0.00		
Blue	B <sub>X</sub>	Тур0.03	0.150	Typ.+0.03		
	B <sub>Y</sub>		0.040			
White	W <sub>X</sub>		0.280			
	W <sub>Y</sub>		0.290			
Viewing Angle						5
x axis, right(φ=0°)	$\theta_{r}$		89		degree	
x axis, left(φ=180°)	θι		89		degree	
y axis, up(φ=90°)	$\theta_{u}$		89		degree	
y axis, down (φ=270°)	$\theta_{\sf d}$		89		degree	

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Note:

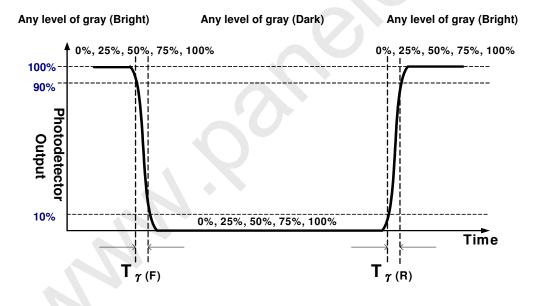
1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

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- 2. Surface luminance is luminance value at point 5 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. From more information see FIG 2. When lamp current  $I_H = 11 \text{mA}$ .  $L_{WH} = Lon5$  where Lon5 is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 5 location.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance, δWHITE is defined (center of Screen) as:  $\delta_{WHITE(9P)} = Maximum(L_{on1},\ L_{on2}, \ldots, L_{on9}) /\ Minimum(L_{on1},\ L_{on2}, \ldots L_{on9})$
- Response time  $T_{\gamma}$  is the average time required for display transition by switching the input signal for five luminance ratio (0%,25%,50%,75%,100% brightness matrix) and is based on  $F_{\nu}$ =60Hz to optimize.

Measured		Target						
Respo	onse Time	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%		
	0%		0% to 25%	0% to 50%	0% to 75%	0% to 100%		
	25%	25% to 0%		25% to 50%	25% to 75%	25% to 100%		
Start	50%	50% to 0%	50% to 25%		50% to 75%	50% to 100%		
	75%	75% to 0%	75% to 25%	75% to 50%		75% to 100%		
	100%	100% to 0%	100% to 25%	100% to 50%	100% to 75%			

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "any level of grey(bright) " and "any level of gray(dark)".

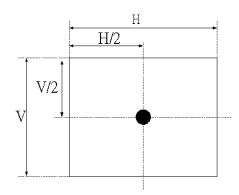


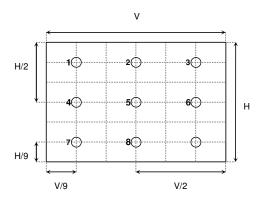


Global LCD Panel Exchange Center

# T420HVN01.1 Product Specification

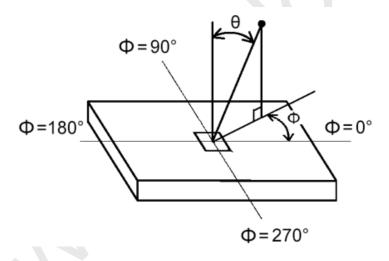
FIG. 2 Luminance





5. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG3.

## FIG.3 Viewing Angle





### 5. Mechanical Characteristics

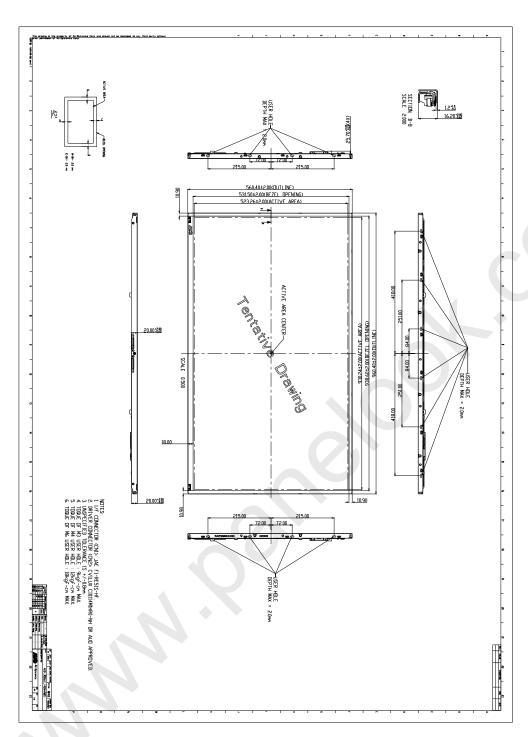
The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model T420HVN01.1. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

ltem		Dimension	Unit	Note
	Horizontal	960.4	mm	
Outline Dimension	Vertical	560.4	mm	
Outline Dimension	Depth (Dmin)	9.9	mm	
	Depth (Dmax)	25.7	mm	
Weight	890	00	g	





## **Front View**



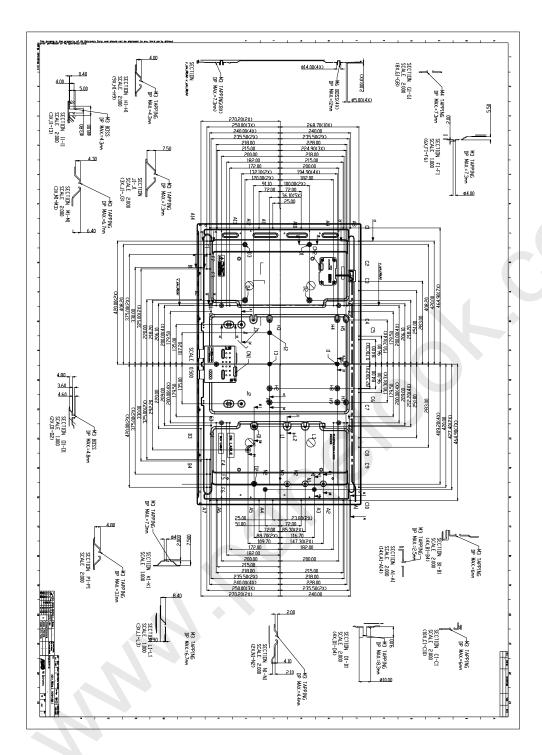
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## **Back View**



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## 6. Reliability Test Items

	Test Item	Q'ty	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	3	60°C, 300hrs
2	Low temperature storage test	3	-20℃, 300hrs
3	High temperature operation test	3	50°C, 300hrs
4	Low temperature operation test	3	-5℃, 300hrs
			Wave form: random
			Vibration level : 1.0G RMS
5	Vibration test (non-operation)	3	Bandwidth: 10-300Hz
			Duration: X,Y,Z 10min per axes
			X,Y,Z: Horizontal, face up
		3	Shock level
6	Shock test (non-operation)		50G,11ms in ±X,Y,Z axis
0			Waveform: half sine wave
			Direction: One time each direction
			Random wave (1.05Grms 10~200Hz)
7	Vibration test (With carton)	1(PKG)	Duration : X,Y,Z 10min per axes
			Height: 25 4cm (ASTMD4160 I)
	Duran to at (Milds a sets as)	1 (DI(C)	Height: 25.4cm (ASTMD4169-I)
8	Drop test (With carton)	1(PKG)	Surround four flats(Front,Rear,Left,Right flat) one time,
			Bottom flat two times.





### 7. International Standard

## 7.1 Safety

- (1) UL 60950-1, UL 60065; Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including electrical Business Equipment.
- (2) IEC 60950-1 : 2001, IEC 60065:2001 ; Standard for Safety of International Electrotechnical Commission
- (3) EN 60950 : 2001+A11, EN 60065:2002+A1:2006; European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC), EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

#### **7.2 EMC**

- (1) ANSI C63.4 "Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. "American National standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- (2) C.I.S.P.R "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." International Special committee on Radio Interference.
- (3) EN 55022 "Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment." European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998



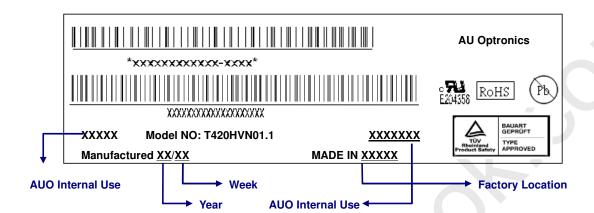


## 8. Packing

#### **8-1 DEFINITION OF LABEL:**

#### A. Panel Label:



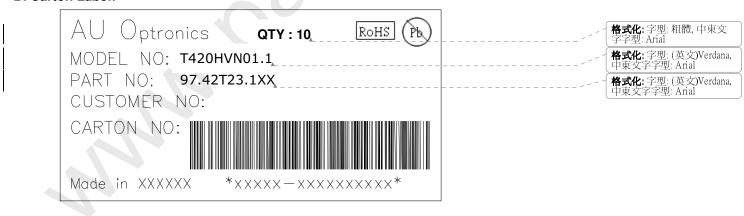


#### **Green mark description**

- (1) For Pb Free Product, AUO will add hor identification.
- (2) For RoHs compatible products, AUO will add  $\overline{\text{RoHS}}$  for identification.

Note: The green Mark will be present only when the green documents have been ready by AUO internal green team. (definition of green design follows the AUO green design checklist.)

#### **B. Carton Label:**

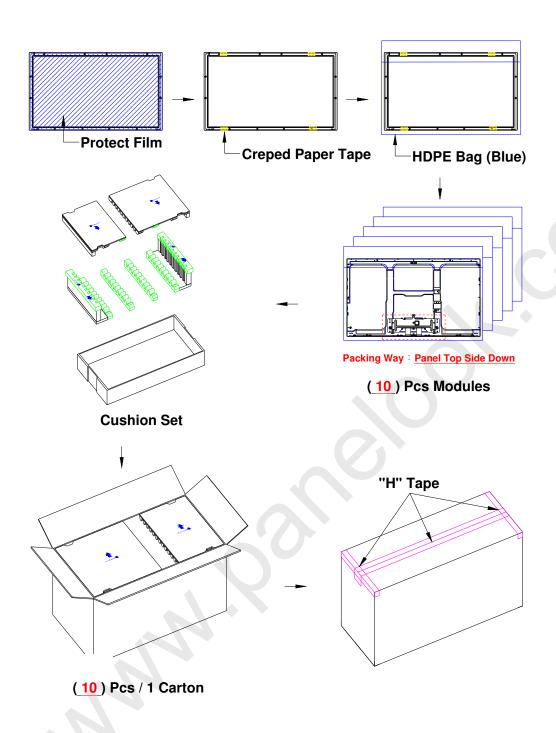


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### **8-2 PACKING METHODS:**



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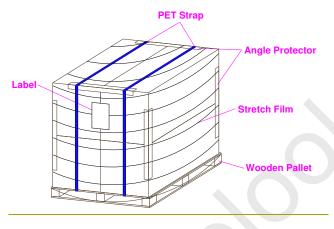




## 8-3 Pallet and Shipment Information

Global LCD Panel Exchange Center

	Item		Packing Remark		
	item	Qty.	Dimension	Weight (kg)	racking hemark
	Packing BOX	10	1050(L)*560(W)*640(H)	95	Carton=2.53kg
'					Cushion=2.13kg
2	Pallet	1	1150(L)*1070(W)*132(H)	14.5	
3	Boxes per Pallet				
4	Panels per Pallet				
	Pallet after packing	20	1150(L)*1070(W)*772(H)	204.5	



Single, pallet packaging illustration

删除: One





#### **PRECAUTIONS**

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

#### 9-1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. twisted stress) is not applied to module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter cause circuit broken by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizer with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizer. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

#### 9-2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The device listed in the product specification sheets was designed and manufactured for TV
- (2) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage: V=±200mV(Over and under shoot voltage)
- (3) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer..)
- (4) Brightness of CCFL depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (5) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (6) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (7) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall

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be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.

#### 9-3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wristband etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

### 9-4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

#### 9-5 STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

#### 9-6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.